Advanced Math 6-5 (Day 2) DeMoivre's Theorem

DeMoivre's Theorem :

if z is a complex number and n is a positive integer, then $z^n = r^n [\cos(n\theta) i \sin(n\theta)]$

*1) $(3 - 7i)^{5}$

nth Roots of Complex Numbers :

For a positive integer *n*, the complex number $z = r(\cos\theta + i\sin\theta)$ has exactly *n* distinct roots given by

$$\sqrt[n]{r}\left(\cos\frac{\theta+2\pi k}{n}+i\sin\frac{\theta+2\pi k}{n}\right)$$

where k = 0, 1, 2, ..., n - 1

Find the following root:

*2) ⁴√3-7*i*

Assignment: pg. 563 70-80 even, 89-100 all.